

## 2.6 HALF OR MORE OF PERSONAL HEALTH SPENDING IS AVOIDABLE\*

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### Abstract

At least half of personal health spending is for behavior, lifestyle, or other avoidable causes.

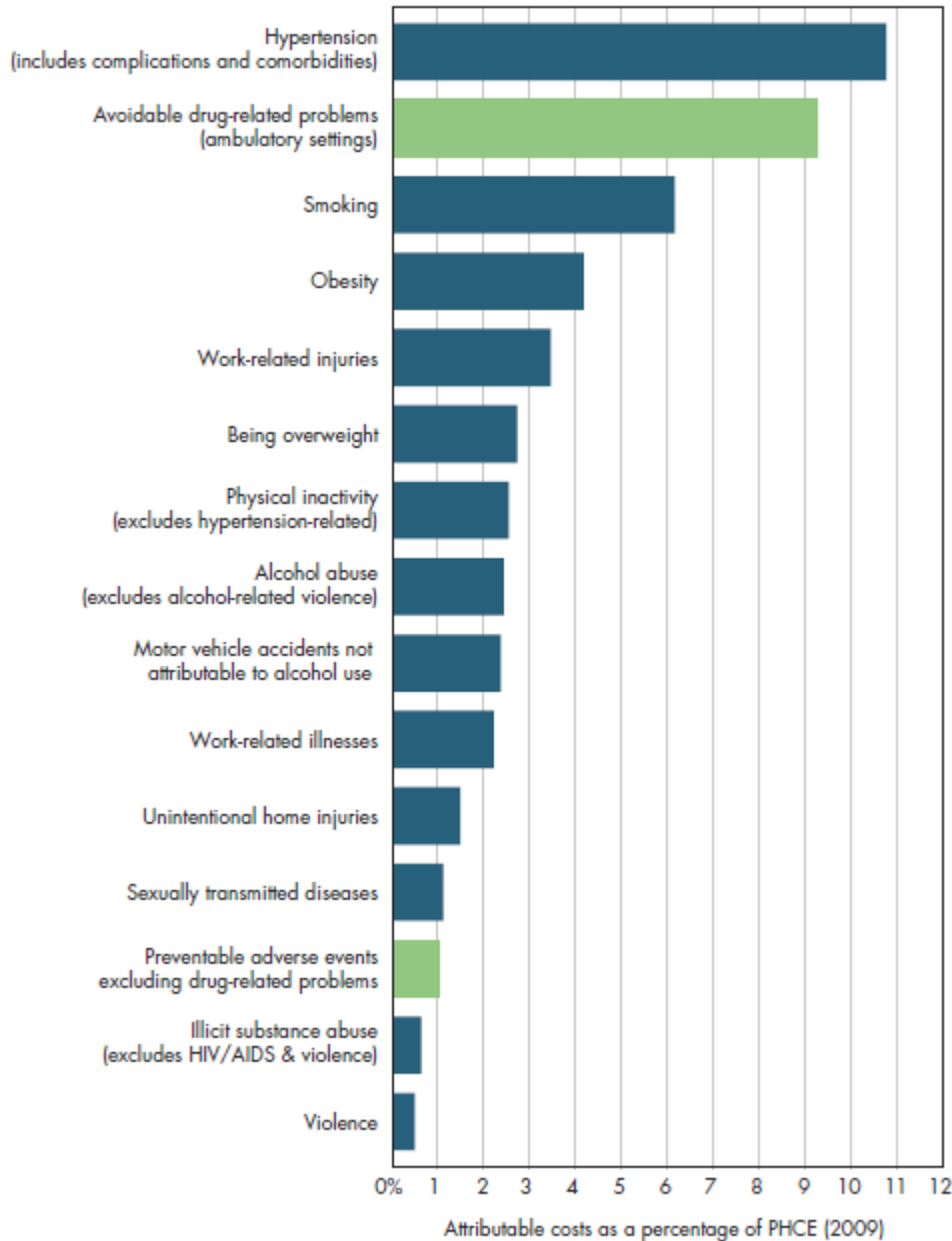
Accounting for expenditures based on disease classification clouds the extent to which much health spending is avoidable. Consider the underlying causes of diseases that give rise to health spending. Figure 2.6 lists 15 such causes, together with estimates of the share of 2009 PHCE attributable to these causes. These are approximate estimates calculated by estimating the fraction of PHCE devoted to underlying causes in a reference year (usually 2000 or later, but in some cases as early as 1992). This fraction was assumed to be identical in 2009.

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**2.6 Probably half or more of health spending has to do with behavior, lifestyle, or other avoidable causes**



Note: Every effort has been made to create mutually exclusive categories, but in some cases, some duplication across categories is unavoidable.

Another caveat is that there might be some overlap between categories. Although every effort was made to create categories that were mutually exclusive, limitations in how data were reported sometimes precluded doing this in every case where it was needed. Taken at face value, these 15 categories collectively account for just over half of PHCE. In light of the minimal duplication that remains, it appears almost certain that these categories collectively account for a minimum of 40 percent of PHCE.

Figure 2.6 defines behavior broadly, including efforts by individual people to live healthier lives. It also

can include actions taken to improve health system performance (shown in green, for example, reducing medical errors), other worksite activities to improve worker safety, transportation safety efforts to improve the quality of roads and/or automobiles, or even efforts to improve nutrition for schoolchildren.

Note that the data represent the gross amount of health spending that hypothetically could be avoided in a perfect world. Because we do not live in a perfect world, it is not possible to eradicate every dollar of avoidable spending. Although individual efforts to "try harder" can yield fruitful results virtually without costs, any serious effort to influence spending of this magnitude would require an investment of resources to alter systems (for example, electronic medical records to reduce medication errors) or behaviors (for example, smoking cessation aids). Although it never would make sense to spend a dollar to save less than a dollar, some of these initiatives might well use a sizable fraction of the potential savings. Thus, it would be imprudent to spend hundreds of billions in potential savings before ascertaining the actual net savings attainable.

## 1 References

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### 1.1 Downloads

Download Excel tables used to create figure: Figure 2.6 Table<sup>1</sup> . Figure 2.6 was created from the following table (the workbook includes all supporting tables used to create this table):

- Table 2.6. Distribution of U.S. Personal Health Expenditures (PHCE) Related to Selected Behavior, Lifestyle or Other Avoidable Causes, 2011 and 2013

Download PowerPoint versions of figure.

- Figure 2.6 Image Slide (as it appears above)<sup>2</sup>
- Figure 2.6 Editable Slide (can be formatted as desired)<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup><http://https://hub.mili.csom.umn.edu/content/m10014/latest/2.6TAB.xls>

<sup>2</sup><http://https://hub.mili.csom.umn.edu/content/m10014/latest/2.6IMG.ppt>

<sup>3</sup><http://https://hub.mili.csom.umn.edu/content/m10014/latest/2.6DATA.ppt>